

II. Function Notation: Replace y with an f(x) or g(x)...etc.

Example: y = 6x - 12 is the same as _____ Example: $y = x^2 - 7$ is the same as _____.

*** f is the name of the function, whereas f(x) is the value of the function at y ***

III. Combinations of Functions:

- 1. Sum: (f+g)(x) = f(x) + g(x)
- 2. Difference: (f-g)(x) = f(x) g(x)
- 3. Product: $(fg)(x) = f(x) \bullet g(x)$
- 4. Quotient: $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$

Examples: Evaluate the indicated function for $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ and g(x) = x - 4.

1. (f+g)(x) 2. (f-g)(x) 3. (fg)(x) 4. $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$

IV. Function Composition:

The composition of a function f with the function g is $(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$. The domain of $(f \circ g)$ is the set of all x in the domain of g such that g(x) is in the domain of f.

Examples:

Given f(x) = x + 2 and $g(x) = 4 - x^2$, find the following.

1.
$$(f \circ g)(x)$$
 2. $(g \circ f)(x)$

V. Evaluating a Function: Substitute x and solve.

Example: Let $h(x) = 10-3x^2$ and g(x) = 5x-3

- A. Find h(2)
- B. Find g(-4)
- C. Find h(2x)
- D. Find (g o h)(2)

VI. Finding the Domain and Range:

Interval Notation:

1. 2. 3. 4.





Algebra 2/Trig1	Name
Unit 4 - Intro to Functions	Block Date

I. Use the following functions to answer questions 1-8.

$$f(x) = x^{2} - 2x - 24 \qquad g(x) = x + 4 \qquad h(x) = \frac{x}{x + 12}$$

1. $f(3) =$ 2. $g(-2)$ 3. $h(10)$ 4. $(f + g)(2)$

5.
$$\left(\frac{g}{h}\right)$$
(5) **6**. $h(g(x))$ **7**. $(f \circ g)(x)$ **8**. $g(f(2))$

II. Determine if the graph is a function, then find the domain and range.

